# Amplio - Entity-Level PAI Statement 2024

Scope: Amplio Private Equity AB (entity) Products: Amplio I & Segulah V Reporting period: Full Year 2024 Regulatory reference: Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (SFDR)

#### Disclosures covered by this document:

Policy on integration of sustainability risks in investment decision making	SFDR Art. 3
Statement on principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors	SFDR Art. 4
Integration of sustainability risks in remuneration policies	SFDR Art. 5
Products with environmental or social characteristic	SFDR Art. 10

# Integration of sustainability risks in investment decision making

Amplio Private Equity AB ("Amplio") integrates sustainability risks into its investment decision-making process by implementing comprehensive policies and procedures designed to identify, assess, and prioritize Principal Adverse Impacts (PAIs). Amplio applies the SFDR Article 2(22) definition of sustainability risk, viewing it as an environmental, social, or governance event that could negatively impact investment value. Sustainability risks are integral to Amplio's investment process, managed alongside other material risks from early screening to final decision.

## Assessment Approach:

- Initial Screening: High-level risk factors like geographical presence, sector, company structure, and business model are assessed.
- Exclusion List: Investments in companies involved in the war industry, gambling, tobacco, and pornography are automatically declined.
- High-Risk Investments: If high sustainability risks and adverse impacts are identified, an extended ESG due diligence is performed. This includes understanding ESG performance, mapping material ESG impacts, risks, and opportunities, and outlining an action plan to mitigate these risks.
- Low-Risk Investments: For lower-risk investments, an ESG materiality assessment identifies relevant sustainability impacts, risks, and opportunities, forming the basis for engagement and onboarding.

Further details are available in Amplio's Policy on Integration of Sustainability Risks.

# Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors

Amplio integrates the Principal Adverse Impacts (PAIs) of investment decisions on sustainability factors from the initial screening phase through to the final investment decision. These impacts are managed similarly to other material impacts on potential investments.

Any identified principal adverse sustainability impact is monitored, and potential mitigative actions are included in the relevant business plan. Adverse impacts and progress on mitigative actions are annually reviewed through a third-party data platform.

Further actions identified during monitoring are incorporated into the business plan for the following year.

Amplio finances a variety of economic and business activities that have both positive and negative impacts on environmental, social, and governance matters.

### **Engagement Policies**

As active owners, Amplio focuses on improving governance structures within portfolio companies and establishing robust processes to manage sustainability risks, opportunities, and impacts. Upon onboarding a new company, Amplio confirms its sustainability profile with the Board of Directors and management, and works with the company to agree on an action plan including relevant follow-up measures. Sustainability risks and adverse impacts are monitored through the annual reporting of PAI indicators and additional company-specific sustainability information.

#### **Reference to International standards**

Amplio's sustainability approach aligns with the Global Goals for Sustainable Development and the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact, while also complying with relevant national and international legislation. Since 2013, Amplio has been a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) and adheres to the Six Principles for Responsible Investment.

Further details are available in Amplio's Statement on Principal Adverse Impacts.

## Integration of sustainability risks in remuneration policies

To address adverse impacts, Amplio incorporates sustainability performance into its remuneration policies.

Amplio has a remuneration policy aimed at promoting sound risk management and

preventing excessive risk-taking and conflicts of interest. This policy applies to all employees, outlining principles for compensation that incentivize good performance and attract talent. The policy ensures alignment with the long-term interests of Amplio and its managed funds, without compromising financial performance. Remuneration is designed to prevent conflicts with the interests of investors and other stakeholders.

Further details are available in Amplio's <u>Remuneration Policy</u>.

# Products with environmental or social characteristic

Amplio has one fund (Amplio I) which promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have as its objective sustainable investment. The fund promotes environmental and social characteristics through the following measures,

- Through the annual monitoring and review process of Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI) indicators the following environmental and social characteristics are promoted by the fund,
  - Consumption of energy
  - o Greenhouse gas emissions
  - o Carbon reduction initiatives
  - o Emissions to water
  - o Biological diversity
  - o Hazardous waste
  - $\circ~$  Adherence to the UNGC principles and/or OECD guidelines
  - Gender pay-gap
  - Board gender diversity
  - Supplier code of conduct
- The fund has a special focus on improved governance structures in portfolio companies, including the promotion of good governance.
- The fund applies a list of exclusions to further promote sustainable characteristics. The fund will not make any investments in the following industries,
  - o War industry
  - o Gambling
  - o Tobacco
  - o Pornography

The fund Segulah V is classified as an Article 6 fund under the Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (SFDR) and thereby does not promote environmental and social characteristics.

# Data and Methodologies

Data is collected annually from portfolio companies using an ESG software solution. Prior to the annual data collection, a training session is held with representatives from the portfolio companies to ensure they have a sufficient understanding of the data points being collected.

All data is collected directly from the portfolio companies, and its quality is highly dependent on their ability to report accurately. Once collected, the data is processed, compiled, and reviewed within the ESG software solution. Additionally, internal reviews are performed to validate the data's reasonableness and quality. Portfolio companies are encouraged to use actual figures in their reporting, with minimal reliance on estimates, except for Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions where estimates are more common.

The methodology mandates all portfolio companies to report on all indicators without any designed limitations. Potential limitations in data quality are primarily linked to the data collection and reporting processes of individual companies. This risk is mitigated through training sessions and internal reviews, ensuring the collected data is both reasonable and of sufficient quality.

# **PAI Statement**

The table below presents the principal adverse impact indicators (PAI) for Amplio, the manager. This disclosure is exclusively based on data reported by portfolio companies during the reporting period and aggregated at the fund level, adhering to SFDR methodologies. No third-party ESG data was utilized for this reporting.

# PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACTS 2024 - Amplio

	ustainability	Metric	Impact	Impact	Unit
indicator			2024	2023	
	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	1,525	1,230	Tonnes CO2e/year
	emissions	Scope 2 GHG emissions	90	3,152	Tonnes CO2e/year
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	102,939	120,059	Tonnes CO2e/year
		Total GHG emissions	104,554	124,441	Tonnes CO2e/year
	2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	35.1	46	Tonnes CO2e/SEKm invested/year
	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	27	42	Tonnes CO2e/EURm revenue/year
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	0	8	%
	5. Share of nonrenewable	Share of non-renewable energy consumption	22.3	35.0	%
	energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy production	0	0	%
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	Energy consumption in GWh per EURm of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	0	0	GWh/EURm revenue/year
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity- sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	0	0	%

## Table 1 - Principal Adverse Impacts statement

Water	8. Emissions to	Tonnes of emissions to water	0	0	Tonnes/EURm
	water	generated by investee companies			invested/year
		per EURm invested, expressed as a			
		weighted average			
Waste	9. Hazardous	Tonnes of hazardous waste and	0	0	Tonnes/EURm
	waste ratio	radioactive waste generated by			invested/year
		investee companies per EURm			-
		invested, expressed as a weighted			
		average			
Social and	10. Violations of	Share of investments in investee	0	0	%
employee	UN Global	companies that have been			
matters	Compact	involved in violations of the UNGC			
	principles and	principles or OECD Guidelines for			
	Organisation for	Multinational Enterprises			
	Economic				
	Cooperation and				
	Development				
	(OECD)				
	Guidelines for				
	Multinational				
	Enterprises				
	11. Lack of	Share of investments in investee	0	0	%
	processes and	companies without policies to			
	compliance	monitor compliance with the			
	mechanisms to	UNGC principles or OECD			
	monitor	Guidelines for Multinational			
	compliance with	Enterprises or grievance			
	UN Global	/complaints handling mechanisms			
	Compact	to address violations of the UNGC			
	principles and	principles or OECD Guidelines for			
	OECD	Multinational Enterprises			
	Guidelines for				
	Multinational				
	Enterprises				
	12. Unadjusted	Average unadjusted gender pay	5.2	13.0	%
	gender pay gap	gap of investee companies		10.0	
	Police bay Bab	Sab or moster companies			
	1				

13. Board	Average ratio of female to male	2.4	4.0	%
gender diversity	board members in investee			
	companies, expressed as a			
	percentage of all board members			
14. Exposure to	Share of investments in investee	0	0	%
controversial	companies involved in the			
weapons	manufacture or selling of			
(antipersonnel	controversial weapons			
mines, cluster				
munitions,				
chemical				
weapons and				
biological				
weapons)				

## Table 2 - Additional climate and other environment-related indicators

Emission	4. Investments in	Share of investments in investee	36.3	74.0	%
	companies	companies without carbon			
	without carbon	emission reduction initiatives			
	emission	aimed at aligning with the Paris			
	reduction	Agreement			
	initiatives				

## Table 3 - Additional indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-bribery matters

Social and	4. Lack of a	Share of investments in investee	41.3	78.0	%
employee	supplier code of	companies			
matters	conduct	without any supplier code of			
		conduct (against unsafe working			
		conditions, precarious work, child			
		labour and forced labour)			

# Actions taken and planned

During the reference period, Amplio undertook several actions to meet the environmental and social characteristics of the fund:

- A. **Portfolio emissions:** Significant reduction in portfolio GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity primarily as a result of the divesture of the portfolio companies in Segulah IV
- B. Data accuracy: Improved data collection and accuracy together with the portfolio companies

C. Implementation of ESG Tracking Software: Continued to improve the implemented software solution compliant with SFDR to systematically track ESG data and Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI), enabling even further efficiency in structured data management.